

Category: Research

Project: The DNA of information graphics

What was the challenge?

Development of an analytical framework for visualization design options constructed from fundamental building blocks (DNA) of visual encoding and composition.

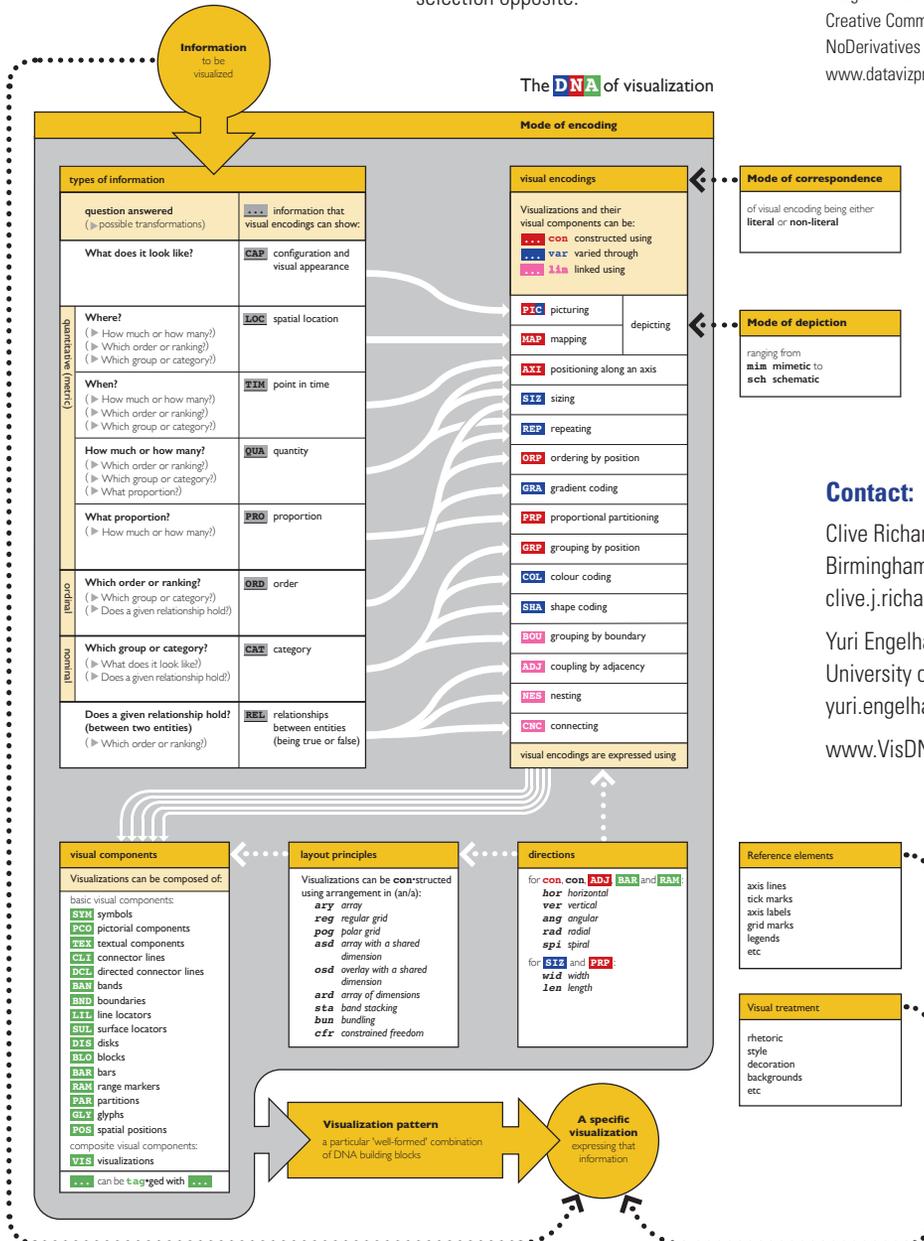
What was the solution?

1) A diagram visualizing the framework for an academic paper. See below.
 2) Numerous visualizations analysed into a DNA sequence, a description in one sentence, and a DNA tree diagram. See www.VisDNA.com and a small selection opposite.

What was the effect?

Provides information designers and researchers with a more comprehensive tool than previously available for the (de)construction of a wide range of visualization types.

Images 1 and 4 opposite: DataVizProject by Ferdio, Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License: www.datavizproject.com



Contact:

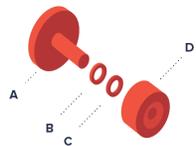
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www.VisDNA.com

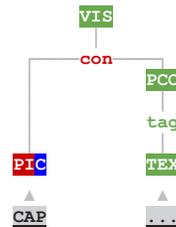
Pattern & specimen	Information*	DNA	Specification by natural language	DNA tree diagram
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1 Technical illustration



VIS
con
CAP → **PIC**
PCO
tag
TEX

A technical illustration is constructed using picturing of pictorial components that are tagged with textual components.

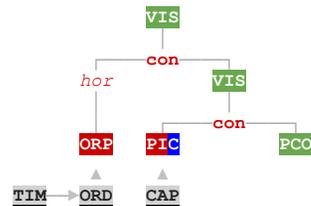


2 Comic strip



VIS
con
TIM → **ORD** → **hor**
ORP
VIS
con
CAP → **PIC**
PCO

A comic strip is constructed using ordering by horizontal position of visualizations that are constructed using picturing of pictorial components.

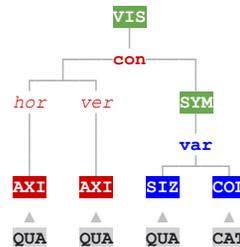


3 Hans Rosling bubble chart



VIS
con
hor
QUA → **AXI**
ver
QUA → **AXI**
SYM
var
SIZ
CAT → **COL**

A Hans Rosling bubble chart is constructed using positioning along a horizontal axis and positioning along a vertical axis of symbols that vary through sizing and colour coding.

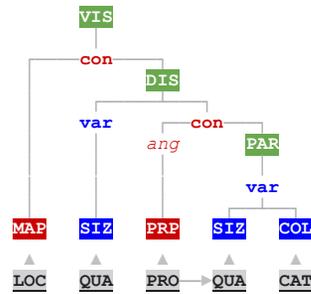


4 Pie chart map

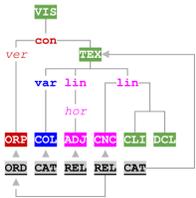


VIS
con
LOC → **MAP**
DIS
var
QUA → **SIZ**
con
ang
PRO → **PRP**
PAR
var
QUA → **SIZ**
CAT → **COL**

A pie chart map is constructed using mapping of disks that vary through sizing and that are constructed using proportional angular partitioning into partitions that vary through sizing and colour coding.

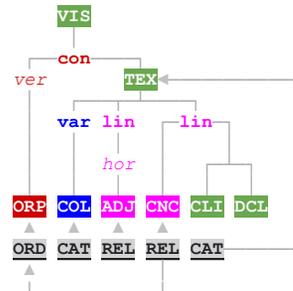


5 Encoding tree diagram that describes itself



VIS
con
ver
ORD → **ORP**
CAT → **TEX**
var
CAT → **COL**
lin
hor
REL → **ADJ**
REL → **CNC**
CLI
DCL

This encoding tree diagram that describes itself is constructed using ordering by vertical position of textual components that vary through colour coding and that are linked using coupling by horizontal adjacency and connecting by connector lines and directed connector lines.



* **TIM** Point in time **LOC** Location **QUA** Quantity **PRO** Proportion **ORD** Order **CAT** Category **CAP** Configuration and appearance **REL** Relationships
... Placeholder for any type of information
 Transformations between these types of information are shown as grey arrows.